

Certifications obtained: 2



Paths completed: 7

Targets compromised: 413

Ranking: Top 1%



CERTIFICATIONS OBTAINED

CERTIFIED ON

	<div>HTB Certified Bug Bounty Hunter</div> <div>20 ModulesMediumBug Bounty Hunting</div> <div>HTB Certified Bug Bounty Hunter (HTB CBBH) is a highly hands-on certification that assesses the candidates' bug bounty hunting and web application pentesting skills. HTB Certified Bug Bounty Hunter certification holders will possess technical competency in the bug bounty hunting and web application penetration testing domains at an intermediate level. They will also be able to assess the risk at which a web application, service, or API is exposed and compose a commercial-grade as well as actionable report.</div>	August 16 2024
	<div>HTB Certified Penetration Testing Specialist</div> <div>28 ModulesMediumPenetration Testing</div> <div>HTB Certified Penetration Testing Specialist (HTB CPTS) is a highly hands-on certification that assesses the candidates' penetration testing skills. HTB Certified Penetration Testing Specialist certification holders will possess technical competency in the ethical hacking and penetration testing domains at an intermediate level. They will also be able to assess the risk at which an infrastructure is exposed and compose a commercial-grade as well as actionable report.</div>	January 28 2025

PATHS COMPLETED

PROGRESS

	<div>Bug Bounty Hunter</div> <div>20 ModulesMedium</div> <div>The Bug Bounty Hunter Job Role Path is for individuals who want to enter the world of Bug Bounty Hunting with little to no prior experience. This path covers core web application security assessment and bug bounty hunting concepts and provides a deep understanding of the attack tactics used during bug bounty hunting. Armed with the necessary theoretical background, multiple practical exercises, and a proven bug bounty hunting methodology, students will go through all bug bounty hunting stages, from reconnaissance and bug identification to exploitation, documentation, and communication to vendors/programs. Upon completing this job role path, you will have become proficient in the most common bug bounty hunting and attack techniques against web applications and be in the position of professionally reporting bugs to a vendor.</div>	100% Completed
	<div>Basic Toolset</div> <div>7 ModulesMedium</div> <div>In this path, modules cover the basic tools needed to be successful in network and web application penetration testing. This is not an exhaustive listing of all tools (both open source and commercial) available to us as security practitioners but covers tried and true tools that we find ourselves using on every technical assessment that we perform. Learning how to use the basic toolset is essential, as many different tools are used in penetration testing. We need to understand which of them to use for the various situations we will come across.</div>	100% Completed

3 Modules **Easy**



Downloaded from <http://ajph.org/> on November 10, 2015

2 Modules Medium



28 Modules **Medium**





3 Modules **Easy**



3 Modules **Hard**



 <h2>Intro to Academy</h2>	<h3>Intro to Academy</h3> <div> 8 Sections Fundamental General </div> <p>Your first stop in Hack The Box Academy to become acquainted with the platform, its features, and its learning process.</p>	100% Completed <div></div>
 <h2>Hacking WordPress</h2>	<h3>Hacking WordPress</h3> <div> 16 Sections Easy Offensive </div> <p>WordPress is an open-source Content Management System (CMS) that can be used for multiple purposes.</p>	100% Completed <div></div>
 <h2>Learning Process</h2>	<h3>Learning Process</h3> <div> 20 Sections Fundamental General </div> <p>The learning process is one of the essential and most important components that is often overlooked. This module does not teach you techniques to learn but describes the process of learning adapted to the field of information security. You will learn to understand how and when we learn best and increase and improve your learning efficiency greatly.</p>	100% Completed <div></div>
 <h2>Linux Fundamentals</h2>	<h3>Linux Fundamentals</h3> <div> 30 Sections Fundamental General </div> <p>This module covers the fundamentals required to work comfortably with the Linux operating system and shell.</p>	100% Completed <div></div>
 <h2>Network Enumeration with Nmap</h2>	<h3>Network Enumeration with Nmap</h3> <div> 12 Sections Easy Offensive </div> <p>Nmap is one of the most used networking mapping and discovery tools because of its accurate results and efficiency. The tool is widely used by both offensive and defensive security practitioners. This module covers fundamentals that will be needed to use the Nmap tool for performing effective network enumeration.</p>	100% Completed <div></div>
 <h2>Cracking Passwords with Hashcat</h2>	<h3>Cracking Passwords with Hashcat</h3> <div> 14 Sections Medium Offensive </div> <p>This module covers the fundamentals of password cracking using the Hashcat tool.</p>	100% Completed <div></div>
 <h2>File Transfers</h2>	<h3>File Transfers</h3> <div> 10 Sections Medium Offensive </div> <p>During an assessment, it is very common for us to transfer files to and from a target system. This module covers file transfer techniques leveraging tools commonly available across all versions of Windows and Linux systems.</p>	100% Completed <div></div>
 <h2>SQL Injection Fundamentals</h2>	<h3>SQL Injection Fundamentals</h3> <div> 17 Sections Medium Offensive </div> <p>Databases are an important part of web application infrastructure and SQL (Structured Query Language) to store, retrieve, and manipulate information stored in them. SQL injection is a code injection technique used to take advantage of coding vulnerabilities and inject SQL queries via an application to bypass authentication, retrieve data from the back-end database, or achieve code execution on the underlying server.</p>	100% Completed <div></div>
 <h2>Web Requests</h2>	<h3>Web Requests</h3> <div> 8 Sections Fundamental General </div> <p>This module introduces the topic of HTTP web requests and how different web applications utilize them to communicate with their backends.</p>	100% Completed <div></div>



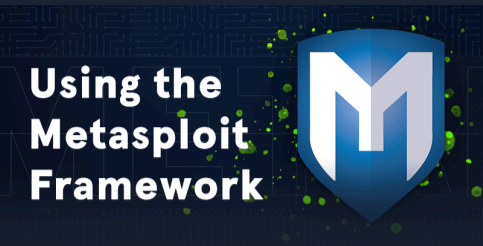
File Inclusion

File Inclusion

11 Sections Medium Offensive

File Inclusion is a common web application vulnerability, which can be easily overlooked as part of a web application's functionality.

100% Completed




Using the Metasploit Framework

Using the Metasploit Framework

15 Sections Easy Offensive

The Metasploit Framework is an open-source set of tools used for network enumeration, attacks, testing security vulnerabilities, evading detection, performing privilege escalation attacks, and performing post-exploitation.

100% Completed




JavaScript Deobfuscation

JavaScript Deobfuscation

11 Sections Easy Defensive

This module will take you step-by-step through the fundamentals of JavaScript Deobfuscation until you can deobfuscate basic JavaScript code and understand its purpose.

100% Completed




Windows Fundamentals

Windows Fundamentals

14 Sections Fundamental General

This module covers the fundamentals required to work comfortably with the Windows operating system.

100% Completed




Linux Privilege Escalation

Linux Privilege Escalation

28 Sections Easy Offensive

Privilege escalation is a crucial phase during any security assessment. During this phase, we attempt to gain access to additional users, hosts, and resources to move closer to the assessment's overall goal. There are many ways to escalate privileges. This module aims to cover the most common methods emphasizing real-world misconfigurations and flaws that we may encounter in a client environment. The techniques covered in this module are not an exhaustive list of all possibilities and aim to avoid extreme "edge-case" tactics that may be seen in a Capture the Flag (CTF) exercise.

100% Completed




Attacking Web Applications with Ffuf

Attacking Web Applications with Ffuf

13 Sections Easy Offensive

This module covers the fundamental enumeration skills of web fuzzing and directory brute forcing using the Ffuf tool. The techniques learned in this module will help us in locating hidden pages, directories, and parameters when targeting web applications.

100% Completed




Login Brute Forcing

Login Brute Forcing

13 Sections Easy Offensive

The module contains an exploration of brute-forcing techniques, including the use of tools like Hydra and Medusa, and the importance of strong password practices. It covers various attack scenarios, such as targeting SSH, FTP, and web login forms.

100% Completed



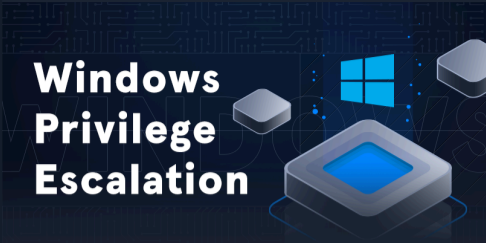
SQLMap Essentials

SQLMap Essentials

11 Sections Easy Offensive

The SQLMap Essentials module will teach you the basics of using SQLMap to discover various types of SQL Injection vulnerabilities, all the way to the advanced enumeration of databases to retrieve all data of interest.

100% Completed



Windows Privilege Escalation

33 Sections Medium Offensive

After gaining a foothold, elevating our privileges will provide more options for persistence and may reveal information stored locally that can further our access in the environment. Enumeration is the key to privilege escalation. When you gain initial shell access to the host, it is important to gain situational awareness and uncover details relating to the OS version, patch level, any installed software, our current privileges, group memberships, and more. Windows presents an enormous attack surface and, being that most companies run Windows hosts in some way, we will more often than not find ourselves gaining access to Windows machines during our assessments. This covers common methods while emphasizing real-world misconfigurations and flaws that we may encounter during an assessment. There are many additional "edge-case" possibilities not covered in this module. We will cover both modern and legacy Windows Server and Desktop versions that may be present in a client environment.

100% Completed



Introduction to Web Applications

17 Sections Fundamental General

In the Introduction to Web Applications module, you will learn all of the basics of how web applications work and begin to look at them from an information security perspective.

100% Completed



Getting Started

23 Sections Fundamental Offensive

This module covers the fundamentals of penetration testing and an introduction to Hack The Box.

100% Completed

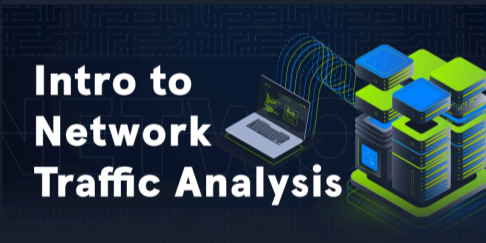


Broken Authentication

14 Sections Medium Offensive

Authentication is probably the most straightforward and prevalent measure used to secure access to resources, and it's the first line of defense against unauthorized access. Broken authentication is listed as #7 on the 2021 OWASP Top 10 Web Application Security Risks, falling under the broader category of Identification and Authentication failures. A vulnerability or misconfiguration at the authentication stage can impact an application's overall security.

100% Completed



Intro to Network Traffic Analysis

15 Sections Medium General

Network traffic analysis is used by security teams to monitor network activity and look for anomalies that could indicate security and operational issues. Offensive security practitioners can use network traffic analysis to search for sensitive data such as credentials, hidden applications, reachable network segments, or other potentially sensitive information "on the wire." Network traffic analysis has many uses for attackers and defenders alike.

100% Completed



Setting Up

9 Sections Fundamental General

This module covers topics that will help us be better prepared before conducting penetration tests. Preparations before a penetration test can often take a lot of time and effort, and this module shows how to prepare efficiently.

100% Completed




Penetration Testing Process

15 Sections Fundamental General

This module teaches the penetration testing process broken down into each stage and discussed in detail. We will cover many aspects of the role of a penetration tester during a penetration test, explained and illustrated with detailed examples. The module also covers pre-engagement steps like the criteria for establishing a contract with a client for a penetration testing engagement.

100% Completed






Cross-Site Scripting (XSS)

Cross-Site Scripting (XSS)

10 SectionsEasyOffensive

Cross-Site Scripting (XSS) vulnerabilities are among the most common web application vulnerabilities. An XSS vulnerability may allow an attacker to execute arbitrary JavaScript code within the target's browser and result in complete web application compromise if chained together with other vulnerabilities. This module will teach you how to identify XSS vulnerabilities and exploit them.

100% Completed




Vulnerability Assessment

Vulnerability Assessment

17 SectionsEasyOffensive

This module introduces the concept of Vulnerability Assessments. We will review the differences between vulnerability assessments and penetration tests, how to carry out a vulnerability assessment, how to interpret the assessment results, and how to deliver an effective vulnerability assessment report.

100% Completed




Command Injections

Command Injections

12 SectionsMediumOffensive

Command injection vulnerabilities can be leveraged to compromise a hosting server and its entire network. This module will teach you how to identify and exploit command injection vulnerabilities and how to use various filter bypassing techniques to avoid security mitigations.

100% Completed




Using Web Proxies

Using Web Proxies

15 SectionsEasyOffensive

Web application penetration testing frameworks are an essential part of any web penetration test. This module will teach you two of the best frameworks: Burp Suite and OWASP ZAP.

100% Completed




Footprinting

Footprinting

21 SectionsMediumOffensive

This module covers techniques for footprinting the most commonly used services in almost all enterprise and business IT infrastructures. Footprinting is an essential phase of any penetration test or security audit to identify and prevent information disclosure. Using this process, we examine the individual services and attempt to obtain as much information from them as possible.

100% Completed




Attacking Common Applications

Attacking Common Applications

33 SectionsMediumOffensive

Penetration Testers can come across various applications, such as Content Management Systems, custom web applications, internal portals used by developers and sysadmins, and more. It's common to find the same applications across many different environments. While an application may not be vulnerable in one environment, it may be misconfigured or unpatched in the next. It is important as an assessor to have a firm grasp of enumerating and attacking the common applications discussed in this module. This knowledge will help when encountering other types of applications during assessments.

100% Completed



Shells & Payloads

Shells & Payloads

17 SectionsMediumOffensive

Gain the knowledge and skills to identify and use shells & payloads to establish a foothold on vulnerable Windows & Linux systems. This module utilizes a fictitious scenario where the learner will place themselves in the perspective of a sysadmin trying out for a position on CAT5 Security's network penetration testing team.

100% Completed




Attacking Common Services

Attacking Common Services

19 Sections Medium Offensive

Organizations regularly use a standard set of services for different purposes. It is vital to conduct penetration testing activities on each service internally and externally to ensure that they are not introducing security threats. This module will cover how to enumerate each service and test it against known vulnerabilities and exploits with a standard set of tools.

100% Completed



Web Attacks

Web Attacks

18 Sections Medium Offensive

This module covers three common web vulnerabilities, HTTP Verb Tampering, IDOR, and XXE, each of which can have a significant impact on a company's systems. We will cover how to identify, exploit, and prevent each of them through various methods.

100% Completed



Information Gathering - Web Edition

Information Gathering - Web Edition

19 Sections Easy Offensive

This module equips learners with essential web reconnaissance skills, crucial for ethical hacking and penetration testing. It explores both active and passive techniques, including DNS enumeration, web crawling, analysis of web archives and HTTP headers, and fingerprinting web technologies.

100% Completed



File Upload Attacks

File Upload Attacks

11 Sections Medium Offensive

Arbitrary file uploads are among the most critical web vulnerabilities. These flaws enable attackers to upload malicious files, execute arbitrary commands on the back-end server, and even take control over the entire server and all web applications hosted on it and potentially gain access to sensitive data or cause a service disruption.

100% Completed




Active Directory Enumeration & Attacks

Active Directory Enumeration & Attacks

36 Sections Medium Offensive

Active Directory (AD) is the leading enterprise domain management suite, providing identity and access management, centralized domain administration, authentication, and much more. Due to the many features and complexity of AD, it presents a large attack surface that is difficult to secure properly. To be successful as infosec professionals, we must understand AD architectures and how to secure our enterprise environments. As Penetration testers, having a firm grasp of what tools, techniques, and procedures are available to us for enumerating and attacking AD environments and commonly seen AD misconfigurations is a must.

100% Completed




Server-side Attacks

Server-side Attacks

19 Sections Medium Offensive

A backend that handles user-supplied input insecurely can lead to devastating security vulnerabilities such as sensitive information disclosure and remote code execution. This module covers how to identify and exploit server-side bugs, including Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF), Server-Side Template Injection (SSTI), and Server-Side Includes (SSI) injection attacks.

100% Completed




Password Attacks

Password Attacks

22 Sections Medium Offensive

Passwords are still the primary method of authentication in corporate networks. If strong password policies are not in place, users will often opt for weak, easy-to-remember passwords that can often be cracked offline and used to further our access. We will encounter passwords in many forms during our assessments. We must understand the various ways they are stored, how they can be retrieved, methods to crack weak passwords, ways to use hashes that cannot be cracked, and hunting for weak/default password usage.

100% Completed




Incident Handling Process

Incident Handling Process

9 Sections **Fundamental** General

Security Incident handling has become a vital part of each organization's defensive strategy, as attacks constantly evolve and successful compromises are becoming a daily occurrence. In this module, we will review the process of handling an incident from the very early stage of detecting a suspicious event, to confirming a compromise and responding to it.

100% Completed




Session Security

Session Security

14 Sections **Medium** Offensive

Maintaining and keeping track of a user's session is an integral part of web applications. It is an area that requires extensive testing to ensure it is set up robustly and securely. This module covers the most common attacks and vulnerabilities that can affect web application sessions, such as Session Hijacking, Session Fixation, Cross-Site Request Forgery, Cross-Site Scripting, and Open Redirects.

100% Completed




Pivoting, Tunneling, and Port Forwarding

Pivoting, Tunneling, and Port Forwarding

18 Sections **Medium** Offensive

Once a foothold is gained during an assessment, it may be in scope to move laterally and vertically within a target network. Using one compromised machine to access another is called pivoting and allows us to access networks and resources that are not directly accessible to us through the compromised host. Port forwarding accepts the traffic on a given IP address and port and redirects it to a different IP address and port combination. Tunneling is a technique that allows us to encapsulate traffic within another protocol so that it looks like a benign traffic stream.

100% Completed




Web Service & API Attacks

Web Service & API Attacks

13 Sections **Medium** Offensive

Web services and APIs are frequently exposed to provide certain functionalities in a programmatic way between heterogeneous devices and software components. Both web services and APIs can assist in integrating different applications or facilitate separation within a given application. This module covers how to identify the functionality a web service or API offers and exploit any security-related inefficiencies.

100% Completed




Bug Bounty Hunting Process

Bug Bounty Hunting Process

6 Sections **Easy** General

Bug bounty programs encourage security researchers to identify bugs and submit vulnerability reports. Getting into the world of bug bounty hunting without any prior experience can be a daunting task, though. This module covers the bug bounty hunting process to help you start bug bounty hunting in an organized and well-structured way. It's all about effectiveness and professionally communicating your findings.

100% Completed



MacOS Fundamentals

MacOS Fundamentals

11 Sections **Fundamental** General

This module covers the fundamentals required to work comfortably within the macOS operating system and shell.

100% Completed



Documentation and Reporting

Documentation & Reporting

8 Sections **Easy** General

Proper documentation is paramount during any engagement. The end goal of a technical assessment is the report deliverable which will often be presented to a broad audience within the target organization. We must take detailed notes and be very organized in our documentation, which will help us in the event of an incident during the assessment. This will also help ensure that our reports contain enough detail to illustrate the impact of our findings properly.

100% Completed



Attacking Enterprise Networks

Attacking Enterprise Networks

14 Sections Medium Offensive

We often encounter large and complex networks during our assessments. We must be comfortable approaching an internal or external network, regardless of the size, and be able to work through each phase of the penetration testing process to reach our goal. This module will guide students through a simulated penetration testing engagement, from start to finish, with an emphasis on hands-on testing steps that are directly applicable to real-world engagements.

100% Completed



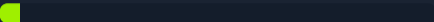
Introduction to Windows Command Line

Introduction to Windows Command Line

23 Sections Easy General

As administrators and Pentesters, we may not always be able to utilize a graphical user interface for the actions we need to perform. Introduction to Windows Command Line aims to introduce students to the wide range of uses for Command Prompt and PowerShell within a Windows environment. We will cover basic usage of both key executables for administration, useful PowerShell cmdlets and modules, and different ways to leverage these tools to our benefit.

4.35% Completed



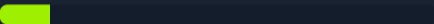
Introduction to Malware Analysis

Introduction to Malware Analysis

9 Sections Hard Defensive

This module offers an exploration of malware analysis, specifically targeting Windows-based threats. The module covers Static Analysis utilizing Linux and Windows tools, Malware Unpacking, Dynamic Analysis (including malware traffic analysis), Reverse Engineering for Code Analysis, and Debugging using x64dbg. Real-world malware examples such as WannaCry, DoomJuice, Brbbot, Dharma, and Meterpreter are analyzed to provide practical experience.

11.11% Completed



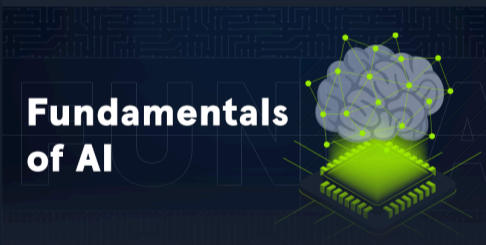
YARA & Sigma for SOC Analysts

YARA & Sigma for SOC Analysts

11 Sections Easy Defensive

This Hack The Box Academy module covers how to create YARA rules both manually and automatically and apply them to hunt threats on disk, live processes, memory, and online databases. Then, the module switches gears to Sigma rules covering how to build Sigma rules, translate them into SIEM queries using "sigmac", and hunt threats in both event logs and SIEM solutions. It's all hands-on, using real-world malware and techniques.

100% Completed



Fundamentals of AI

Fundamentals of AI

24 Sections Medium General

This module provides a comprehensive guide to the theoretical foundations of Artificial Intelligence (AI). It covers various learning paradigms, including supervised, unsupervised, and reinforcement learning, providing a solid understanding of key algorithms and concepts.

100% Completed



Applications of AI in InfoSec

Applications of AI in InfoSec

25 Sections Medium General

This module is a practical introduction to building AI models that can be applied to various infosec domains. It covers setting up a controlled AI environment using Miniconda for package management and JupyterLab for interactive experimentation. Students will learn to handle datasets, preprocess and transform data, and implement structured workflows for tasks such as spam classification, network anomaly detection, and malware classification. Throughout the module, learners will explore essential Python libraries like Scikit-learn and PyTorch, understand effective approaches to dataset processing, and become familiar with common evaluation metrics, enabling them to navigate the entire lifecycle of AI model development and experimentation.

100% Completed



Introduction to Red Teaming AI



Introduction to Red Teaming AI

10 Sections

Medium

Offensive

This module provides a comprehensive introduction to the world of red teaming Artificial Intelligence (AI) and systems utilizing Machine Learning (ML) deployments. It covers an overview of common security vulnerabilities in these systems and the types of attacks that can be launched against their components.

100% Completed

